



Standard Avalanche Sinterglass Diode

Features

- · Controlled avalanche characteristics
- · Glass passivated junction
- · Hermetically sealed package
- Low reverse current
- High surge current capability

Applications

General purpose

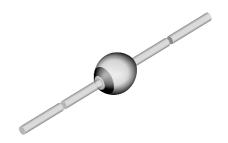
Mechanical Data

Case: Sintered glass case, SOD 57

Terminals: Plated axial leads, solderable per

MIL-STD-750, Method 2026

Polarity: Color band denotes cathode end



949539

Mounting Position: Any

Weight: 370 mg, (max. 500 mg)

Parts Table

| Part | Type differentiation | Package |
|-------|--|---------|
| BY527 | V _R = 800 V; I _{FAV} = 2 A | SOD57 |

Absolute Maximum Ratings

T_{amb} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Test condition | Sub type | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|--|---|----------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Peak reverse voltage, non repetitive | I _R = 100 μA | | V_{RSM} | 1250 | V |
| Reverse voltage | see electrical characteristics | | V_{R} | 800 | V |
| Peak forward surge current | t _p = 10 ms, half sinewave | | I _{FSM} | 50 | Α |
| Repetitive peak forward current | | | I _{FRM} | 12 | Α |
| Average forward current | φ = 180 ° | | I _{FAV} | 2 | Α |
| Pulse avalanche peak power | T_j = 175 °C, t_p = 20 μ s, half sinus wave | | P_{R} | 1000 | W |
| Pulse energy in avalanche mode, non repetitive (inductive load switch off) | I _{(BR)R} = 1 A, T _j = 175 °C | | E _R | 20 | mJ |
| | i ² * t-rating | | i ² *t | 8 | A ² *s |
| Junction and storage temperature range | | | $T_j = T_{stg}$ | - 55 to + 175 | °C |

Maximum Thermal Resistance

 T_{amb} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Test condition | Sub type | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|-------------------|-------|------|
| Junction ambient | I = 10 mm, T _L = constant | | R_{thJA} | 45 | K/W |
| | on PC board with spacing 25 mm | | R _{thJA} | 100 | K/W |

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Electrical Characteristics

 T_{amb} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Test condition | Sub type | Symbol | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------|--|----------|-------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Forward voltage | I _F = 1 A | | V _F | | 0.9 | 1.0 | V |
| | I _F = 10 A | | V _F | | | 1.65 | V |
| Reverse current | V _R = 800 V | | I _R | | 0.1 | 1 | μΑ |
| | V _R = 800 V, T _j = 100 °C | | I _R | | 5 | 10 | μΑ |
| Breakdown voltage | $I_R = 100 \mu A, t_p/T = 0.01, t_p = 0.3 \text{ ms}$ | | V _(BR) | 1250 | | | V |
| Diode capacitance | V _R = 4 V, f = 1 MHz | | C _D | | 16 | | pF |
| Reverse recovery time | $I_F = 0.5 \text{ A}, I_R = 1 \text{ A}, I_R = 0.25 \text{ A}$ | | t _{rr} | | | 4 | μS |
| | $I_F = 1 \text{ A, } d_i/d_t = 5 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s, } V_R = 50 \text{ V}$ | | t _{rr} | | | 4 | μS |
| Reverse recovery charge | $I_F = 1 \text{ A, } d_i/d_t = 5 \text{ A}/\mu \text{s}$ | | Q _{rr} | | | 3 | μС |

Typical Characteristics (T_{amb} = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)

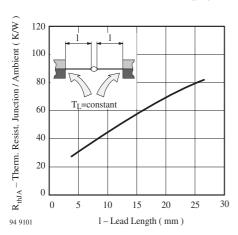


Figure 1. Typ. Thermal Resistance vs. Lead Length

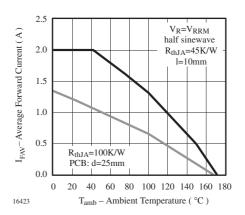


Figure 3. Max. Average Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

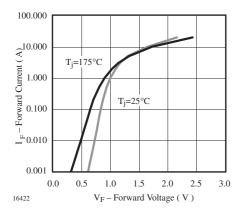


Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

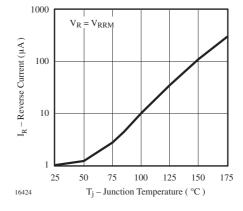
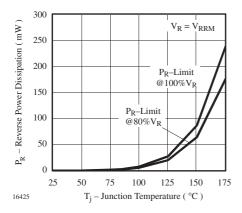


Figure 4. Reverse Current vs. Junction Temperature



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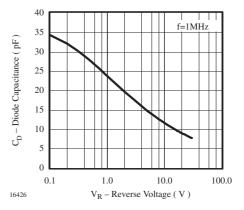


Figure 5. Max. Reverse Power Dissipation vs. Junction Temperature

Figure 6. Diode Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

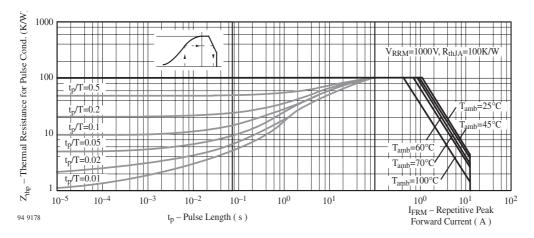
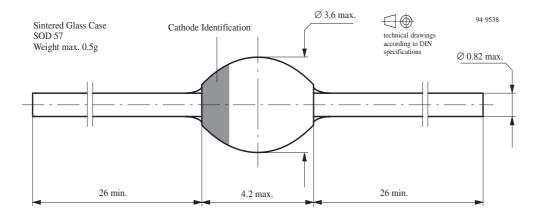


Figure 7. Thermal Response

Package Dimensions in mm



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Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

- 1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
- 2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operatingsystems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

- 1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
- 2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
- 3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

> Vishay Semiconductor GmbH, P.O.B. 3535, D-74025 Heilbronn, Germany Telephone: 49 (0)7131 67 2831, Fax number: 49 (0)7131 67 2423

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